(Original S	ignature of Member)
117TH CONGRESS H.R.	
To allow for duty-free importation and sale of infant for marketed as such in its country of origin, and for	-
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENT  Mr. Green of Tennessee introduced the following bill; v	which was referred to
the Committee on	
	_
A BILL	
To allow for duty-free importation and sale of that is lawfully marketed as such in its of and for other purposes.	
1 Be it enacted by the Senate and Hor	use of Representa
2 tives of the United States of America in Co	ongress assembled
3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.	

- 6 SEC. 2. REMOVAL OF LIMITATIONS ON IMPORTATION.
- 7 (a) In General.—Upon a determination by the

This Act may be cited as the "Baby Formula Emer-

8 President that there is a shortage or potential shortage

4

gency Act".

of the supply of infant formula (as defined in section 201(z) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21) 3 U.S.C. 321(z))) in the United States, the President may, 4 notwithstanding any provision of Federal law, suspend any 5 duty imposed with respect to the importation of any article 6 of infant formula that meets the criteria specified in sub-7 section (b) on or before the date on which the President 8 submits the notification described in the second sentence 9 of subsection (c). 10 (b) Criteria for Importation.—Notwithstanding any provision of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic 11 12 Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.), or any other provision of Federal law, the President may allow, without restrictions, the 13 production, manufacture, distribution, marketing, pre-14 15 scribing, sale, or dispensing of any infant formula during the period in which a shortage or potential shortage, as 16 17 determined under subsection (a) exists, if— 18 (1)(A) the manufacturer of such infant formula 19 certifies to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs 20 that the infant formula meets the nutrition require-21 ments under section 412(i) of the Federal Food, 22 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 350a(i)); or 23 (B) the infant formula is lawfully marketed as 24 infant formula in its country of origin;

1	(2) the United States has not imposed sanc-
2	tions with respect to the actions of the government
3	of the country of origin of such infant formula, in-
4	cluding a ban on the importation of some or all
5	products of such country as a result of such actions;
6	(3) the United States has not imposed any
7	sanctions with respect to the manufacturer of such
8	infant formula (including by listing such manufac-
9	turer on the List of Specially Designated Nationals
10	and Blocked Persons maintained by the Office of
11	Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the
12	Treasury); and
13	(4) the Commissioner of Food and Drugs has
14	not determined that such infant formula is unsafe.
15	(c) Congressional Notification.—Upon a deter-
16	mination referred to in subsection (a) with respect to a
17	shortage or potential shortage of the supply of infant for-
18	mula, the President shall notify the Committee on Energy
19	and Commerce and the Committee on Ways and Means
20	of the House of Representatives and the Committee on
21	Health, Education, Labor and Pensions and the Com-
22	mittee on Finance of the Senate of such determination.
23	The President shall notify such committees upon any de-
24	termination that the shortage referred to in such sub-
25	section no longer exists.